This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) <u>A glycinamide compound</u> Glycinamide derivatives of formula I

A-D-B (I)

wherein

- D is a bivalent glycine amide moiety, or a derivative thereof thereof,
- A is \underline{an} [[a]] unsubstituted or substituted moiety of up to 40 carbon atoms of the formula: -L-(M-L') α ; [[,]] where
- L is a 5, 6 or 7 membered cyclic structure <u>containing 0-4 members selected from nitrogen</u>, <u>oxygen and sulfur</u>, <u>preferably selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, arylene and heteroarylene</u>, bound directly to D; [[,]]
- L' comprises an optionally substituted cyclic moiety having at least 5 members and containing 0-4 members selected from nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, wherein L' is optionally substituted by at least one substituent selected from $\underline{SO_{\beta}R_{x}}, -C(O)R_{x} \text{ and } -C(NR_{y})R_{z}; \text{, preferably selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl,}$
- M is a bond or a bridging group having at least one atom; [[,]]
- α is an integer of from 1-4; and
 each cyclic structure of L and L' contains 0 4 members of the group consisting of
 nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, wherein L' is preferably substituted by at least one

substituent selected from the group consisting of SO_BR_* , $C(O)R_*$ and $C(NR_*)R_{z\bar{z}}$

B is a substituted or unsubstituted, up to tricyclic aryl or heteroaryl moiety of up to 30 carbon atoms, preferably of up to 20 carbon atoms, comprising at least one 5-, 6-, or 7-membered cyclic structure, preferably a 5- or 6-membered cyclic structure, bound directly to D and containing 0-4 members selected from of the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur; wherein said cyclic structure directly bound to D is preferably selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl,

where when B is substituted, L is substituted or L' is additionally substituted, the substituents are selected from halogen, up to per-halo, and W γ ;

- R_y is hydrogen or a carbon based moiety of up to 24 carbon atoms optionally containing heteroatoms selected from N, S and O and optionally halosubstituted, up to per halo; $\bar{\tau}$
- R_z is hydrogen or a carbon based moiety of up to 30 carbon atoms optionally containing heteroatoms selected from N, S and O and optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy and carbon based substituents of up to 24 carbon atoms, which optionally contain heteroatoms selected from N, S and O and are optionally substituted by halogen;

 R_x is R_z or NR_aR_b ; , where

R_a and R_b are

a) independently hydrogen, a carbon based moiety of up to 30 carbon atoms optionally containing heteroatoms selected from N, S and O and optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy and carbon based

substituents of up to 24 carbon atoms, which optionally contain heteroatoms selected from N, S and O and are optionally substituted by halogen, or

- -OSi(R_f)₃ where R_f is hydrogen or a carbon based moiety of up to 24 carbon atoms optionally containing heteroatoms selected from N, S and O and optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy and carbon based substituents of up to 24 carbon atoms, which optionally contain heteroatoms selected from N, S and O and are optionally substituted by halogen; or
- b) R_a and R_b together form a 5-7 member heterocyclic structure of 1-3 heteroatoms selected from N, S and O, or a substituted 5-7 member heterocyclic structure of 1-3 heteroatoms selected from N, S and O substituted by halogen, hydroxy or carbon based substituents of up to 24 carbon atoms, which optionally contain heteroatoms selected from N, S and O and are optionally substituted by halogen; or
- one of R_a or R_b is -C(O)-, a C₁-C₅ divalent alkylene group or a substituted C₁-C₅ divalent alkylene group bound to the moiety L to form a cyclic structure with at least 5 members, wherein the substituents of the substituted C₁-C₅ divalent alkylene group are selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, and carbon based substituents of up to 24 carbon atoms, which optionally contain heteroatoms selected from N, S and O and are optionally substituted by halogen;

where B is substituted, L is substituted or L' is additionally substituted, the substituents are selected from the group consisting of halogen, up to per halo, and W x where

 γ is 0-3;

W is, in each case, wherein each W is independently selected from the

group consisting of -CN, -CO₂R, -C(O)NR⁵R⁵, -C(O)-R⁵, -NO₂, -OR⁵, -SR⁵, -SO₂R⁵, -SO₃H, -NR⁵R⁵, -NR⁵C(O)OR⁵, -NR⁵C(O)R⁵, -Q-Ar, and carbon based moieties of up to 24 carbon atoms, optionally containing heteroatoms selected from N, S and O and optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the groups consisting of -CN, -CO₂R, -C(O)NR⁵R⁵, -C(O)-R⁵, -NO₂, -OR⁵, -SR⁵, -SO₂R⁵, -SO₃H, -NR⁵R⁵, -NR⁵C(O)OR⁵, -NR⁵C(O)R⁵ and halogen up to per-halo; with each

- R⁵ <u>is, in each case,</u> independently selected from H or a carbon based moiety of up to 24 carbon atoms, optionally containing heteroatoms selected from N, S and O and optionally substituted by halogen; [[,]] wherein
- Q is -O-, -S-, -N(R⁵)-, -(CH₂)_{β}, -C(O)-, -CH(OH)-, -(CH₂)_{β}O-, -(CH₂)_{β}S-, -(CH₂)_{β}N(R⁵)-, -O(CH₂)_{β}, -CHHal-, -CHal₂-, <u>-S-(CH₂)-, or -S-(CH₂).</u>
 and -N(R⁵)(CH₂)_{β}-; where β = 1–3, and

 β is 1-3;

Hal is halogen; and

- Ar is 5- or 6-member aromatic structure containing 0-2 members selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, which is optionally substituted by halogen, up to per-halo, and optionally substituted by $Z_{\delta 1}$; wherein
- $\delta 1$ is 0 to 3; and each
- Z is, in each case, independently selected from the group consisting -CN, -CO₂R⁵, -C(O)NR⁵R⁵, -C(O)-R⁵, -NO₂, -OR⁵, -SR⁵, -SO₂R⁵, -SO₃H, -

 NR^5R^5 , $-NR^5C(O)OR^5$, $-NR^5C(O)R^5$, and a carbon based moiety of up to 24 carbon atoms, optionally containing heteroatoms selected from N, S and O and optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of -CN, $-CO_2R^5$, $-C(O)NR^5R^5$, $-C(O)-R^5$, $-NO_2$, $-OR^5$, $-SR^5$, $-SO_2R^5$, $-SO_3H$, $-NR^5R^5$, $-NR^5C(O)OR^5$, and $-NR^5C(O)R^5$; [[,]] and the the or

<u>a</u> physiologically acceptable <u>derivative</u>, <u>salts or solvate</u> <u>derivatives</u>, <u>salts and solvates</u> thereof.

2. (Currently Amended): <u>A glycinamide compound Glycinamide derivative</u> according to claim 1, eharacterised in that <u>wherein</u>

each M_{\bullet} independently from one another, represents a bond or is a bridging group [[,]] selected from the group consisting of $(CR^5R^5)_h$, and or $(CHR^5)_h$ -Q- $(CHR^5)_i$, wherein

Q is selected from a group consisting of O, S, N-R⁵, $(CHal_2)_j$, $(O-CHR^5)_j$, $(CHR^5-O)_j$, $CR^5=CR^5$, $(O-CHR^5CHR^5)_j$, $(CHR^5CHR^5-O)_j$, C=O, C=S, $C=NR^5$, $CH(OR^5)$, $C(OR^5)(OR^5)$, C(=O)O, OC(=O), OC(=O)O, $(C=O)N(R^5)C(=O)$, $OC(=O)N(R^5)$, OC(=O)O, O

R⁵— is in each case independently selected from the meanings given above, preferably hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl,

- h, i are independently from each other 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6, $\frac{1}{2}$ preferably 0, 1, 2 or 3, and
 - j is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6, preferably 0, 1, 2 or 3.
- 3. (Currently Amended): <u>A glycinamide compound</u> Glycinamide derivative according to claim 1, selected from the compounds of formula II,

$$(R^8)_p$$
 Ar^1 N N N $(R^9)_q$ II

wherein

- Ar¹, Ar² are <u>each</u>, <u>selected</u> independently from one another, <u>selected</u> from aromatic hydrocarbons containing 6 to 14 carbon atoms and ethylenical unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic residues containing 3 to 10 carbon atoms and one or two hetero atoms, independently selected from N, O and und S,
- R⁸, R⁹ and R¹⁰ are independently selected from a group consisting of H, A, cycloalkyl comprising 3 to 7 carbon atoms, Hal, CH₂Hal, CH(Hal)₂, C(Hal)₃, NO₂, $(CH_2)_nCN$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nOR^{11}$, $(CH_2)_nO(CH_2)_kNR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nCOOR^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nCONR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}COR^{13}$, (CH₂)_nNR¹¹CONR¹¹R¹². (CH₂)_nNR¹¹SO₂A. (CH₂)_nSO₂NR¹¹R¹². $(CH_2)_nS(O)_uR^{13}, (CH_2)_nOC(O)R^{13}, (CH_2)_nCOR^{13}, (CH_2)_nSR^{11}, CH=N-OA, \\$ $CH_2CH=N-OA$, $(CH_2)_nNHOA$, $(CH_2)_nCH=N-R^{11}$, $(CH_2)_nOC(O)NR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}COOR^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OR^{13}$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OCF_3$, (CH₂)_nN(R¹¹)C(R¹³)HCOOR¹², C(R¹³)HCOR¹², (CH₂)_nN(R¹¹)CH₂CH₂N(R¹²)CH₂COOR¹², (CH₂)_nN(R¹¹)CH₂CH₂NR¹¹R¹², CH=CHCOOR¹¹, CH=CHCH₂NR¹¹R¹², CH=CHCH₂NR¹¹R¹², CH=CHCH₂OR¹³, (CH₂)_nN(COOR¹¹)COOR¹², (CH₂)_nN(CONH₂)COOR¹¹, (CH₂)_nN(CONH₂)CONH₂, (CH₂)_nN(CH₂COOR¹¹)COOR¹², (CH₂)_nN(CH₂CONH₂)COOR¹¹, (CH₂)_nN(CH₂CONH₂)CONH₂, (CH₂)_nCHR¹³COR¹¹, (CH₂)_nCHR¹³COOR¹¹, (CH₂)_nCHR¹³CH₂OR¹⁴, (CH₂)_nOCN and (CH₂)_nNCO, wherein
- R^{11} , R^{12} are independently selected from a group consisting of-H, A, $(CH_2)_mAr^3$ and $(CH_2)_mHet$, or,
- in NR¹¹R¹², R¹¹ and R¹² form, together with the N-Atom they are bound to, a 5-, 6- or 7-membered <u>heterocycle</u> <u>heterocyclus</u> which optionally contains 1 or 2 additional hetero atoms, selected from N, O an S,
- R^{13} , R^{14} are independently selected from a group consisting of H, Hal, A, $(CH_2)_mAr^4$ and $(CH_2)_mHet$,

- A is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, alkylenecycloalkyl, alkoxy and alkoxyalkyl,
- Ar³, Ar⁴ are independently from one another aromatic hydrocarbon residues comprising 5 to 12 and preferably 5 to 10 carbon atoms which are optionally substituted by one or more substituents, selected from a group consisting of A, Hal, NO₂, CN, OR¹⁵, NR¹⁵R¹⁶, COOR¹⁵, CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, NR¹⁵COR¹⁵, NR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵COR¹⁵, NR¹⁵COR¹⁵
- Het is a saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic residue which is optionally substituted by one or more substituents, selected from a group consisting of A, Hal, NO₂, CN, OR¹⁵, NR¹⁵R¹⁶, COOR¹⁵, CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, NR¹⁵CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁶SO₂A, COR¹⁵, SO₂R¹⁵R¹⁶, S(O)_uA and OOCR¹⁵,
- R¹⁵, R¹⁶ are independently selected from a group consisting of H, A, and (CH₂)_mAr⁵, wherein
- $\underline{Ar^5}$ $\underline{Ar^6}$ is a 5- or 6-membered aromatic hydrocarbon which is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from a group consisting of methyl, ethyl, propyl, 2-propyl, tert.-butyl, Hal, CN, OH, NH₂ and CF₃,

k, n, m are independently of one another 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5;

- X represents a bond or is $(CR^{11}R^{12})_h$, or $(CHR^{11})_h$ -Q- $(CHR^{12})_i$, wherein
- Q is selected from a group consisting of O, S, N-R¹⁵, (CHal₂)_j, (O-CHR¹⁸)_j, (CHR¹⁸-O)_j, CR¹⁸=CR¹⁹, (O-CHR¹⁸CHR¹⁹)_j, CHR¹⁸CHR¹⁹-O)_j, C=O, C=S, C=NR¹⁵, CH(OR¹⁵), C(OR¹⁷)(OR²⁰), C(=O)O, OC(=O), OC(=O)O, C(=)N(R¹⁵), N(R¹⁵)C(=O), OC(=O)N(R¹⁵), N(R¹⁵)C(=O)O, CH=N-O, CH=N-NR¹⁵, OC(O)NR¹⁵, NR¹⁵C(O)O, S=O, SO₂, SO₂NR¹⁵ and und NR¹⁵SO₂, wherein

- h, i are independently from each other 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6, and
- j is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6,
- Y is selected from O, S, NR^{21} , $C(R^{22})$ - NO_2 , $C(R^{22})$ -CN and $C(CN)_2$, wherein
- R^{21} is \underline{H} , \underline{Hal} , \underline{A} , $\underline{(CH_2)_mAr^4}$ and $\underline{(CH_2)_mHet}$, independently selected from the meanings given for R^{13} , R^{14} , and
- R^{22} is $\underline{H, A, (CH_2)_m Ar^3}$ and $\underline{(CH_2)_m Het}$, independently selected from the meanings given for R^{11} , R^{12} ,
- p, r are independently from one another 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5,
- q is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, preferably 0, 1 or 2,
- u is 0, 1, 2 or 3, preferably 0, 1 or 2,

and

Hal is independently selected from a group consisting of F, Cl, Br and I;

and the salts and solvates thereof.

4. (Currently Amended): <u>A glycinamide compound</u> Glycinamide derivative according to claim 1, selected from the compounds of formula IIa, IIb, IIc, IId, IIe, IIf, IIg and IIh,

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$$(R^8)_p \xrightarrow{H} (R^9)_q \qquad IIa$$

$$(\mathsf{R}^8)_p \xrightarrow{\mathsf{H}} \mathsf{N} \mathsf{N} \mathsf{R}^{10}$$
 IIb

$$(R^8)_p \xrightarrow{H} (R^9)_q \qquad IIc$$

$$(\mathsf{R}^8)_\mathsf{p} \qquad \qquad \mathsf{IId}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{8} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

$$\mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

$$\mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

$$\mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

$$\mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{8} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{N}} \mathbb{R}^{10}$$

$$\mathbb{IIf}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{8} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{N}-\mathsf{O}} \mathbb{I}\mathbb{I}\mathbb{I}\mathbb{I}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{8} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{N}} \mathbb{Q} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{N}} \mathbb{Q} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{N}} \mathbb{Q} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{N}} \mathbb{Q} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{N}} \mathbb{Q}$$

wherein

R⁸, R⁹ and R¹⁰ are independently selected from a group consisting of H, A, cycloalkyl comprising 3 to 7 carbon atoms, Hal, CH₂Hal, CH(Hal)₂, C(Hal)₃, NO₂, $(CH_2)_nCN$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nOR^{11}$, $(CH_2)_nO(CH_2)_kNR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nCOOR^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nCONR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}COR^{13}$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}CONR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}SO_2A$, $(CH_2)_nSO_2NR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nS(O)_uR^{13}$, $(CH_2)_nOC(O)R^{13}$, $(CH_2)_nCOR^{13}$, $(CH_2)_nSR^{11}$, CH=N-OA, $CH_2CH=N-OA$, $(CH_2)_nNHOA$, $(CH_2)_nCH=N-R^{11}$, $(CH_2)_nOC(O)NR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}COOR^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OR^{13}$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OCF_3$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})C(R^{13})HCOOR^{12}$, $C(R^{13})HCOR^{12}$, (CH₂)_nN(R¹¹)CH₂CH₂N(R¹²)CH₂COOR¹², (CH₂)_nN(R¹¹)CH₂CH₂NR¹¹R¹², CH=CHCOOR¹¹, CH=CHCH₂NR¹¹R¹², CH=CHCH₂NR¹¹R¹², CH=CHCH₂OR¹³, (CH₂)_nN(COOR¹¹)COOR¹², (CH₂)_nN(CONH₂)COOR¹¹, $(CH_2)_nN(CONH_2)CONH_2$, $(CH_2)_nN(CH_2COOR^{11})COOR^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nN(CH_2CONH_2)COOR^{11}$, $(CH_2)_nN(CH_2CONH_2)CONH_2$, (CH₂)_nCHR¹³COR¹¹, (CH₂)_nCHR¹³COOR¹¹, (CH₂)_nCHR¹³CH₂OR¹⁴, (CH₂)_nOCN and (CH₂)_nNCO, wherein

R¹⁰ can also be H,

 R^{11} , R^{12} are independently selected from a group consisting of H, A, $(CH_2)_mAr^3$ and $(CH_2)_mHet$, or, in $NR^{11}R^{12}$, R^{11} and R^{12} form, together with the N-Atom they

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- are bound to, a 5-, 6- or 7-membered <u>heterocycle</u> <u>heterocyclus</u> which optionally contains 1 or 2 additional hetero atoms, selected from N, O an S,
- R^{13} , R^{14} are independently selected from a group consisting of H, Hal, A, $(CH_2)_mAr^4$ and $(CH_2)_mHet$,
- A is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, alkylenecycloalkyl, alkoxy and alkoxyalkyl,
- Ar³, Ar⁴ are independently from one another aromatic hydrocarbon residues comprising 5 to 12 and preferably 5 to 10 carbon atoms which are optionally substituted by one or more substituents, selected from a group consisting of A, Hal, NO₂, CN, OR¹⁵, NR¹⁵R¹⁶, COOR¹⁵, CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, NR¹⁵COR¹⁵, NR¹⁵COR¹⁵, NR¹⁶SO₂A, COR¹⁵, SO₂R¹⁵R¹⁶, S(O)₁₁A and OOCR¹⁵.
- Het is a saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic residue which is optionally substituted by one or more substituents, selected from a group consisting of A, Hal, NO₂, CN, OR¹⁵, NR¹⁵R¹⁶, COOR¹⁵, CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, NR¹⁵CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁶SO₂A, COR¹⁵, SO₂R¹⁵R¹⁶, S(O)_uA and OOCR¹⁵,
- R^{15} , R^{16} are independently selected from a group consisting of H, A, and $(CH_2)_mAr^5$, wherein
- $\underline{\text{Ar}}^5$ $\underline{\text{Ar}}^6$ is a 5- or 6-membered aromatic hydrocarbon which is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from a group consisting of methyl, ethyl, propyl, 2-propyl, tert.-butyl, Hal, CN, OH, NH₂ and CF₃,

 $\underline{\mathbf{k}}$, n, m are independently of one another 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5; $\underline{\mathbf{e}}$ \mathbf{R}^{10} is H

p is p, r are independently from one another 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5,

q is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, preferably 0, 1 or 2,

u is 0, 1, 2 or 3,

- Y is selected from O, S, NR²¹, C(R²²)-NO₂, C(R²²)-CN and C(CN)₂, wherein
- R^{21} is <u>H, Hal, A, $(CH_2)_mAr^4$ and $(CH_2)_mHet$, independently selected from the meanings given for R^{13} , R^{14} , and</u>
- R^{22} is <u>H</u>, A, $(CH_2)_mAr^3$ and $(CH_2)_mHet$, independently selected from the meanings given for R^{11} , R^{12} ,

and the salts and solvates thereof.

5. (Currently Amended): <u>A glycinamide compound</u> Glycinamide derivative according to claim 1, selected from

- 6. (Currently Amended): <u>A glycinamide compound</u> Glycinamide derivative according to claim 1 as a medicament.
- 7. (Currently Amended): <u>A glycinamide compound</u> Glycinamide derivative according to claim 1 as a kinase inhibitor.
- 8. (Currently Amended): <u>A glycinamide compound Glycinamide derivative</u> according to claim 7, <u>wherein said</u> characterized in that the kinases are selected from raf-kinases.
 - 9. (Cancelled):
- 10. (Currently Amended): <u>A pharmaceutical</u> <u>Pharmaceutical</u> composition <u>comprising one or more compounds</u> according to claim <u>1</u>, and <u>9</u>, characterised in that it eontains one or more additional compounds, selected from the group consisting of physiologically acceptable excipients, auxiliaries, adjuvants, carriers and other pharmaceutical active ingredients.
- 11. (Currently Amended): <u>A process Process</u> for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition <u>comprising processing</u>, <u>characterised in that</u> one or more <u>MERCK-2971</u>

compounds according to claim 1 and one or more compounds [[,]] selected from the group consisting of carriers, excipients, auxiliaries and pharmaceutical active ingredients other than the compounds according to claim 1, is processed by mechanical means into a pharmaceutical composition that is suitable as dosage form dosageform for application and/or administration to a patient.

12. (Cancelled):

- 13. (Currently Amended): A method for Use of a compound according to claim 1 one of the claims 1 to 5 in the treatment and/or prophylaxis of disorders in a patient caused, mediated and/or propagated by kinases, said method comprising administering to said patient one or more compounds according to claim 1.
- 14. (Currently Amended): A method for Use of a compound according to claim

 1 for producing a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of disorders in a patient caused, mediated and/or propagated by kinases, said method comprising administering to said patient a composition according to claim 10.
- 15. (Currently Amended): <u>A method Use</u> according to claim 13, <u>wherein said</u> eharacterised in that the disorders are caused, mediated and/or propagated by raf-kinases.
- 16. (Currently Amended): A method Use according to claim 13, wherein said characterised in that the disorders are selected from the group consisting of hyperproliferative and nonhyperproliferative disorders.
- 17. (Currently Amended): <u>A method Use according to claim 13, wherein said</u> characterised in that the disorder is cancer.
- 18. (Currently Amended): <u>A method</u> Use according to claim 13, wherein said characterised in that the disorder is noncancerous.

- 19. (Currently Amended): A method Use according to claim 13, 18, wherein said characterised in that the noncancerous disorder is disorders are selected from the group consisting of infection, psoriasis, arthritis, inflammation, endometriosis, scarring, benign begnin prostatic hyperplasia, immunological diseases, autoimmune diseases and immunodeficiency diseases.
- 20. (Currently Amended): A method Use according to claim 13, wherein said characterised in that the disorders are selected from the group consisting of brain cancer, lung cancer, squamous cell cancer, bladder cancer, gastric cancer, pancreatic cancer, hepatic cancer, renal cancer, colorectal cancer, breast cancer, head cancer, neck cancer, oesophageal cancer, gynaecological cancer, thyroid cancer, lymphoma, chronic leukemia leukaemia and acute leukemia leukaemia.
- 21. (Currently Amended): A method Use according to claim 13, wherein said characterised in that the disorders are selected from the group consisting of arthritis, restenosis, [[;]] fibrotic disorders, [[;]] mesangial cell proliferative disorders, diabetic nephropathy, malignant nephrosclerosis, thrombotic microangiopathy syndromes, organ transplant rejection, glomerulopathies, metabolic disorders, inflammation and neurodegenerative diseases.
 - 22. (Cancelled):
- 23. (Currently Amended): <u>A method Use according to claim 15, wherein said 22,</u> eharacterised in that the raf-kinase is selected from the group consisting of A-Raf, B-Raf and c-Raf-1.
- 24. (Currently Amended): A method Method for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of disorders, comprising administering characterised in that one or more compounds according to claim 1 is administered to a patient in need of such a treatment.

- 25. (Currently Amended): <u>A method Method</u> according to claim 24, <u>wherein said</u> characterised in that the one or more of said compounds are administered as a pharmaceutical composition.
 - 26. (Cancelled):
- 27. (Currently Amended): <u>A method</u> <u>Method for the treatment</u> according to claim <u>26, characterised in that the disorders</u> <u>13, wherein said disorder</u> is cancerous cell growth mediated by raf-kinase.
- 28. (Currently Amended): <u>A method Method</u> for producing <u>a compound</u> compounds of formula II, <u>said method comprising</u>: characterised in that

a)

reacting a compound of formula III

$$(R^8)_p$$
 $-Ar^1$ N L^1 III

wherein

- L¹ is Cl, Br, l, OH, a reactive esterified OH-group or a diazonium moiety, and R⁸, p, Ar¹, Y are as defined in claim 3,

 $\frac{(CH_2)_nNR^{11}COOR^{12}, (CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OR^{13},}{(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OCF_3, (CH_2)_nN(R^{11})C(R^{13})HCOOR^{12},}\\ \frac{(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OCF_3, (CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2N(R^{12})CH_2COOR^{12},}{(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2NR^{11}R^{12}, CH=CHCOOR^{11},}\\ \frac{(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2NR^{11}R^{12}, CH=CHCOOR^{11},}{(CH_2)_nN(COOR^{11})COOR^{12}, (CH_2)_nN(CONH_2)COOR^{11},}\\ \frac{(CH_2)_nN(COOR^{11})COOR^{12}, (CH_2)_nN(CONH_2)COOR^{11},}{(CH_2)_nN(CH_2COOR^{11})COOR^{12},}\\ \frac{(CH_2)_nN(CH_2CONH_2)COOR^{11}, (CH_2)_nN(CH_2CONH_2)CONH_2,}{(CH_2)_nCHR^{13}COR^{11}, (CH_2)_nCHR^{13}COR^{11}, (CH_2)_nCHR^{13}COR^{14},}\\ \frac{(CH_2)_nCHR^{13}COR^{11}, (CH_2)_nCHR^{13}COOR^{11}, (CH_2)_nCHR^{13}CH_2OR^{14},}{(CH_2)_nCOCN,}\\ \frac{(CH_2)_nCOCN,}{(CH_2)_nCOCN,}\\ \frac{(CH_2)_nCOCN,}{(CH_2)_nNCO,}\\ \frac{(CH_2)_nCOCN,}{(CH_2)_nCOCN,}\\ \frac{(CH_2)_nCO$

p is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5,

- Ar¹ is selected from aromatic hydrocarbons containing 6 to 14 carbon atoms and ethylenical unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic residues containing 3 to 10 carbon atoms and one or two hetero atoms, independently selected from N, O and S,
- Y is selected from O, S, NR^{21} , $C(R^{22})$ - NO_2 , $C(R^{22})$ -CN and $C(CN)_2$,
- A is selected from alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, alkylenecycloalkyl, alkoxy and alkoxyalkyl,
- R^{11} , R^{12} are independently selected from H, A, $(CH_2)_mAr^3$ and $(CH_2)_mHet$, or, in $NR^{11}R^{12}$, R^{11} and R^{12} form, together with the N-Atom they are bound to, a 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycle which optionally contains 1 or 2 additional hetero atoms, selected from N, O an S,

k, n, m are independently of one another 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5,

R¹³, R¹⁴ are independently selected from H, Hal, A, (CH₂)_mAr⁴ and (CH₂)_mHet,

- Ar³, Ar⁴ are independently from one another aromatic hydrocarbon residues

 comprising 5 to 12 carbon atoms which are optionally substituted by

 one or more substituents, selected from A, Hal, NO₂, CN, OR¹⁵,

 NR¹⁵R¹⁶, COOR¹⁵, CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, NR¹⁵ CONR¹⁵R¹⁶,

 NR¹⁶SO₂A, COR¹⁵, SO₂R¹⁵R¹⁶, S(O)_uA and OOCR¹⁵,
- Het is a saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic residue which is optionally substituted by one or more substituents, selected from A, Hal, NO₂, CN, OR¹⁵, NR¹⁵R¹⁶, COOR¹⁵, CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, NR¹⁵CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁶SO₂A, COR¹⁵, SO₂R¹⁵R¹⁶, S(O)_uA and OOCR¹⁵,

R¹⁵, R¹⁶ are independently selected from H, A, and (CH₂)_mAr⁵,

Ar⁵ is a 5- or 6-membered aromatic hydrocarbon which is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, 2-propyl, tert.-butyl, Hal, CN, OH, NH₂ and CF₃,

u is 0, 1, 2 or 3,

 $\underline{R^{21}}$ is H, Hal, A, $(\underline{CH_2})_{\underline{m}}\underline{Ar^4}$ and $(\underline{CH_2})_{\underline{m}}\underline{Het}$,

 R^{22} is H, A, $(CH_2)_mAr^3$ and $(CH_2)_mHet$,

b) with a compound of formula IV,

$$L_{N}^{2}$$
 $(R^{9})_{q}$ IV

wherein

 L^2 , L^3 are independently from one another H or a metal ion, and R^9 , q, X, Ar^2 , R^{10} and r are as defined in claim 3.

R⁹ and R¹⁰ are independent from one another selected from H, A, cycloalkyl comprising 3 to 7 carbon atoms, Hal, CH₂Hal, CH(Hal)₂, C(Hal)₃, NO_2 , $(CH_2)_nCN$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nOR^{11}$, $(CH_2)_nO(CH_2)_kNR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nCOOR^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nCONR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}COR^{13}$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}CONR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}SO_2A$, $(CH_2)_nSO_2NR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nS(O)_nR^{13}$, $(CH_2)_nOC(O)R^{13}$, $(CH_2)_nCOR^{13}$, (CH₂)_nSR¹¹, CH=N-OA, CH₂CH=N-OA, (CH₂)_nNHOA, $(CH_2)_nCH=N-R^{11}$, $(CH_2)_nOC(O)NR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}COOR^{12}$, (CH₂)_nN(R¹¹)CH₂CH₂OR¹³, (CH₂)_nN(R¹¹)CH₂CH₂OCF₃, (CH₂)_nN(R¹¹)C(R¹³)HCOOR¹², C(R¹³)HCOR¹², (CH₂)_nN(R¹¹)CH₂CH₂N(R¹²)CH₂COOR¹², (CH₂)_nN(R¹¹)CH₂CH₂NR¹¹R¹², CH=CHCOOR¹¹. CH=CHCH₂NR¹¹R¹², CH=CHCH₂NR¹¹R¹², CH=CHCH₂OR¹³, $(CH_2)_nN(COOR^{11})COOR^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nN(CONH_2)COOR^{11}$, (CH₂)_nN(CONH₂)CONH₂, (CH₂)_nN(CH₂COOR¹¹)COOR¹², (CH₂)_nN(CH₂CONH₂)COOR¹¹, (CH₂)_nN(CH₂CONH₂)CONH₂. (CH₂)_nCHR¹³COR¹¹, (CH₂)_nCHR¹³COOR¹¹, (CH₂)_nCHR¹³CH₂OR¹⁴, $(CH_2)_nOCN$ and $(CH_2)_nNCO$,

q is 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4,

X represents a bond or is $(CR^{11}R^{12})_h$, or $(CHR^{11})_h$ -Q- $(CHR^{12})_i$,

Ar² is selected from aromatic hydrocarbons containing 6 to 14 carbon atoms and ethylenical unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic residues containing 3 to 10 carbon atoms and one or two hetero atoms, independently selected from N, O and S,

h, i are independently from each other 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6;

and optionally isolating and/or treating the compound of formula II obtained by said reaction with an acid, to obtain the salt thereof.

29. (Currently Amended): A compound Compound of formula III,

$$(R^8)_p$$
 $-Ar^1$ N L^1 III

wherein

- L¹ is Cl, Br, l, OH, a reactive esterified OH-group or a diazonium moiety, and R⁸, p, Ar¹, Y are as defined in claim 3

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 $\frac{(CH_2)_n OC(O)NR^{11}R^{12}, (CH_2)_n NR^{11}COOR^{12}, (CH_2)_n N(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OR^{13},}{(CH_2)_n N(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OCF_3, (CH_2)_n N(R^{11})C(R^{13})HCOOR^{12}, C(R^{13})HCOR^{12},}{(CH_2)_n N(R^{11})CH_2CH_2N(R^{12})CH_2COOR^{12}, (CH_2)_n N(R^{11})CH_2CH_2NR^{11}R^{12},}{(CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2R^{11}R^{12}, CH_2CH_2R^{11}R^{12}, CH_2CH_2R^{11}R^{12},}{(CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2R^{11}R^{12}, CH_2CH_2R^{11}R^{12}, CH_2CH_2R^{11}R^{12},}{(CH_2CH_2CH_2R^{11}, (CH_2)_n N(COOR^{11})COOR^{12}, (CH_2)_n N(CONH_2)COOR^{11},}{(CH_2)_n N(CONH_2)COOR^{11}, (CH_2)_n N(CH_2COR^{11})COOR^{12},}{(CH_2)_n CH_2COR^{11}, (CH_2)_n N(CH_2CONH_2)CONH_2,}{(CH_2)_n CH_2COR^{11}, (CH_2)_n CH_2COR^{11}, (CH_2)_n CH_2COR^{11},}{(CH_2)_n CH_2COR^{1$

p is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5,

- Ar¹ is selected from aromatic hydrocarbons containing 6 to 14 carbon atoms and ethylenical unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic residues containing 3 to 10 carbon atoms and one or two hetero atoms, independently selected from N, O and S,
- Y is selected from O, S, NR^{21} , $C(R^{22})$ - NO_2 , $C(R^{22})$ -CN and $C(CN)_2$,
- R^{11} , R^{12} are independently selected from H, A, $(CH_2)_mAr^3$ and $(CH_2)_mHet$, or, in $NR^{11}R^{12}$, R^{11} and R^{12} form, together with the N-Atom they are bound to, a 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycle which optionally contains 1 or 2 additional hetero atoms, selected from N, O an S,
- n, m are independently of one another 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5,
- A is selected from alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, alkylenecycloalkyl, alkoxy and alkoxyalkyl,
- R¹³, R¹⁴ are independently selected from H, Hal, A, (CH₂)_mAr⁴ and (CH₂)_mHet,

- Ar³, Ar⁴ are independently from one another aromatic hydrocarbon residues

 comprising 5 to 12 carbon atoms which are optionally substituted by one or

 more substituents, selected from A, Hal, NO₂, CN, OR¹⁵, NR¹⁵R¹⁶, COOR¹⁵,

 CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, NR¹⁵CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁶SO₂A, COR¹⁵, SO₂R¹⁵R¹⁶,

 S(O)_uA and OOCR¹⁵,
- Het is a saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic residue which is optionally substituted by one or more substituents, selected from A, Hal, NO₂, CN, OR¹⁵, NR¹⁵R¹⁶, COOR¹⁵, CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, NR¹⁵CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁶SO₂A, COR¹⁵, SO₂R¹⁵R¹⁶, S(O)_uA and OOCR¹⁵,

R¹⁵, R¹⁶ are independently selected from H, A, and (CH₂)_mAr⁵,

Ar⁵ is a 5- or 6-membered aromatic hydrocarbon which is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, 2-propyl, tert.-butyl, Hal, CN, OH, NH₂ and CF₃,

u is 0, 1, 2 or 3,

 \underline{R}^{21} is H, Hal, A, $(\underline{CH}_2)_m Ar^4$ and $(\underline{CH}_2)_m Het$,

 \underline{R}^{22} is H, A, $(\underline{CH}_2)_m \underline{Ar}^3$ and $(\underline{CH}_2)_m \underline{Het}$.

30. (Currently Amended): A compound Compound of formula IV,

$$L_{N}^{2}$$
 $(R^{9})_{q}$ IV

wherein

- L², L³ are independently from one another H or a metal ion, and R⁹, q, X, Ar², R⁴⁰
 and r are as defined in claim 3
- R⁹ and R¹⁰ are independent from one another selected from H, A, cycloalkyl comprising 3 to 7 carbon atoms, Hal, CH₂Hal, CH(Hal)₂, C(Hal)₃, NO₂, $(CH_2)_nCN$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nOR^{11}$, $(CH_2)_nO(CH_2)_kNR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nCOOR^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nCONR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}COR^{13}$. $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}CONR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}SO_2A$, $(CH_2)_nSO_2NR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nS(O)_nR^{13}$, $(CH_2)_nOC(O)R^{13}$, $(CH_2)_nCOR^{13}$, $(CH_2)_nSR^{11}$, CH=N-OA, CH₂CH=N-OA, (CH₂)_nNHOA, (CH₂)_nCH=N-R¹¹, (CH₂)_nOC(O)NR¹¹R¹², $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}COOR^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OR^{13}$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2OCF_3$, (CH₂)_nN(R¹¹)C(R¹³)HCOOR¹², C(R¹³)HCOR¹², $(CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2N(R^{12})CH_2COOR^{12}, (CH_2)_nN(R^{11})CH_2CH_2NR^{11}R^{12}.$ CH=CHCOOR¹¹, CH=CHCH₂NR¹¹R¹², CH=CHCH₂NR¹¹R¹², CH=CHCH₂OR¹³, (CH₂)_nN(COOR¹¹)COOR¹², (CH₂)_nN(CONH₂)COOR¹¹, $(CH_2)_nN(CONH_2)CONH_2$, $(CH_2)_nN(CH_2COOR^{11})COOR^{12}$, (CH₂)_nN(CH₂CONH₂)COOR¹¹, (CH₂)_nN(CH₂CONH₂)CONH₂, (CH₂)_nCHR¹³COR¹¹, (CH₂)_nCHR¹³COOR¹¹, (CH₂)_nCHR¹³CH₂OR¹⁴, $(CH_2)_nOCN$ and $(CH_2)_nNCO$,
- A is selected from alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, alkylenecycloalkyl, alkoxy and alkoxyalkyl,
- R^{11} , R^{12} are independently selected from H, A, $(CH_2)_mAr^3$ and $(CH_2)_mHet$, or, in $NR^{11}R^{12}$, R^{11} and R^{12} form, together with the N-Atom they are bound to, a 5-, 6- or 7-membered heterocycle which optionally contains 1 or 2 additional hetero atoms, selected from N, O an S,

k, n, m are independently of one another 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5,

R¹³, R¹⁴ are independently selected from H, Hal, A, (CH₂)_mAr⁴ and (CH₂)_mHet,

Ar³, Ar⁴ are independently from one another aromatic hydrocarbon residues

comprising 5 to 12 carbon atoms which are optionally substituted by one or

more substituents, selected from A, Hal, NO₂, CN, OR¹⁵, NR¹⁵R¹⁶, COOR¹⁵,

CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, NR¹⁵ CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁶SO₂A, COR¹⁵, SO₂R¹⁵R¹⁶,

S(O)₀A and OOCR¹⁵,

q is 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4,

X represents a bond or is $(CR^{11}R^{12})_h$, or $(CHR^{11})_h$ -Q- $(CHR^{12})_i$,

- Ar² is selected from aromatic hydrocarbons containing 6 to 14 carbon atoms and ethylenical unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic residues containing 3 to 10 carbon atoms and one or two hetero atoms, independently selected from N, O and S,
- Het is a saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic residue which is optionally substituted by one or more substituents, selected from A, Hal, NO₂, CN, OR¹⁵, NR¹⁵R¹⁶, COOR¹⁵, CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, NR¹⁵CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁶SO₂A, COR¹⁵, SO₂R¹⁵R¹⁶, S(O)_uA and OOCR¹⁵,

R¹⁵, R¹⁶ are independently selected from H, A, and (CH₂)_mAr⁵,

 Ar^5 is a 5- or 6-membered aromatic hydrocarbon which is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, 2-propyl, tert.-butyl, Hal, CN, OH, NH₂ and CF₃,

u is 0, 1, 2 or 3,

h, i are independently from each other 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6, and

r is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5.

- 31. (New): A compound according to claim 3, wherein
- Ar¹ is phenyl, pyridinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, pyrazolyl or imidazolyl, preferably phenyl, pyridinyl or isoxazolyl and especially phenyl or oxazolyl,
- p is 1, 2 or 3,
- R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl comprising 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy comprising 1 to 4 carbon atoms, Hal, CH_2Hal , $CH(Hal)_2$, perhaloalkyl comprising 1 to 4 carbon atoms, NO_2 , $(CH_2)_nCN$, $(CH_2)_nNR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nCOR^{13}$, $(CH_2)_nCOOR^{11}$, $(CH_2)_nCONR^{11}R^{12}$, $(CH_2)_nSO_2NR^{11}R^{12}$ and $(CH_2)_nS(O)_uR^{13}$, wherein
- n is 0 or 1,
- u is 0 or 2,
- q is 0 or 1, and
- X is O, S, NR^{15} , $CHOR^{11}$, CH_2 , CH_2CH_2 , OCH_2 , CH_2O , OCH_2CH_2 , or CH_2CH_2O .
- 32. (New): A compound according to claim 31, wherein A² is phenyl or pyridinyl.
- 33. (New): A compound according to claim 31, wherein X is O or S.
- 34. (New): A compound according to claim 31, wherein Y is O or S.
- 35. (New): A compound according to claim 31, wherein A¹ is phenyl or oxazolyl.
- 36. (New): A compound according to claim 31, wherein A² is pyridinyl.
- 37. (New): A compound according to claim 31, wherein X is O.

38. (New): A compound according to claim 31, wherein Y is O.